



Quality Of Algebra Questions to Measure Mathematical Literacy Ability Using Partial Credit Model

**Akfi Hikmah Wahdana, Didik Sugeng Pambudi, Dian Kurniati^(*),
Arika Indah Kristiana, Ridho Alfarisi**
Universitas Jember, Jember, Indonesia

Abstract

Mathematical literacy skills require someone to understand, analyze, interpret, evaluate, and synthesize knowledge obtained from the problems faced by modeling them into appropriate solutions in solving a problem effectively. The need to develop questions according to students' daily problems can familiarize students with mathematical literacy. The research developed mathematical literacy test questions on tobacco farming in the Puger Jember area to measure students' mathematics literacy abilities at the high school level. The research method used is Research and Development (R&D) using the Thiagarajan model, which is modified into three stages: definition, planning, and development. Field trial results were analyzed using Ministep software with Rasch modeling using the Partial Credit Model (PCM) method. The results obtained from the ten questions developed can be said to be fit; with the reliability of 139 interactions between students and the question items, the quality is still poor, and 75 students' interactions between students and the question items are of good quality. The item reliability of the literacy questions developed was 0.80 in the first 75 samples, 0.95 in the following 75 samples, and 0.89 in the last 64 samples, indicating that the questions developed were excellent and could measure students' abilities well.

Keywords: Algebra Literacy Problems, Mathematical Literacy Skills, Partial Credit Model

(*) Corresponding Author: akfihikmah04@gmail.com

How to Cite: Wahdana, A. H., et al. (2024). Quality of algebra questions to measure mathematical literacy ability using partial credit model. *Formatif: Jurnal Ilmiah Pendidikan MIPA*, 14(1), 137-150. <http://dx.doi.org/10.30998/formatif.v14i1.21984>

INTRODUCTION

Mathematical literacy is the ability of each individual to reason mathematically to formulate, use, and interpret mathematical knowledge related to problems in everyday life (Dinni, 2018; OECD, 2021). Mathematical literacy is an idea or notion that defines part of the mathematical knowledge and competencies needed in personal and social life to participate in the community as citizens who can apply, reflect, and contribute (Geiger & Dole, 2012). Mathematical literacy is the ability of each individual to reason mathematically to formulate, use, and interpret mathematical knowledge related to problems in everyday life (Fajriyah, 2018; OECD, 2021). Every individual can use literacy skills to face problems related to mathematics using appropriate strategy selection (Muslimah & Pujiastuti, 2020; Maharani, 2022). Mathematical literacy is about assigning material and using reasoning, concepts, facts, and mathematical tools to solve everyday problems (Genc & Erbas, 2019; Moschkovich, 2015; Sari, 2015; Sitopu et al, 2024). Someone who understands sorting out mathematical concepts relevant to the problems will have good mathematical literacy (Setiawan et al., 2014; Kusumawardani et al., 2018). In this case, the government supports education development for the benefit of the nation and state in the future by involving countries in taking literacy skills tests.

As a member country of the OECD, Indonesia has participated in establishing PISA since 2000 (Stacey, 2011). The latest data on the average score of the 2018 PISA test in the field of science shows that Indonesian students obtained an average score of 379, which is down from the previous one in the fifth round in 2015 was 402 (Balitbang, 2018). Indonesia is at the lowest level among several participating countries in the world. One of the reasons is students' limitations regarding literacy questions; they rarely give similar questions (Ate & Lede, 2022). Research conducted by Kurniati shows that students' ability to solve PISA questions shows that out of 30 students across several junior high schools in Jember Regency, 18 could carry out logical reasoning, analysis, evaluation, and creation well. The researcher suggests adding literacy questions at school, and it is also challenging to create instruments related to mathematical literacy (Kurniati et al., 2016).

The development of literacy questions in this research questions on algebra material, a branch of mathematics that studies structure, relationship, and quantity as a means of simplification and as a tool that helps solve problems (Hidayani, 2021). The development of questions in this research uses an agricultural theme around the students' environment, in line with Mardiyah's opinion that the use of themes found in real life allows students to find meaningful relationships with abstract ideas and their application to real-life problems (Mardiyah et al., 2021). Considering that there are still no students' mathematical literacy questions on algebra material on the theme of tobacco farming that can measure students' mathematical literacy abilities, Technology, and science are developing very rapidly, accompanied by information processing in such a way that it is causing changes in human lifestyle which is the third wave (Cintamulya, 2012)

The theme of tobacco farming in the Puger Jember area is the current conditions of society and can cause problems in real life (Bakker, 2018). The theme of tobacco farming is related to the mathematical literacy context, namely societal, with material that will be developed in the test questions, namely algebra, as part of the mathematical literacy content, namely change and relationship with competencies using the three different clusters according to PISA. Based on the description above, it can be seen that there is a need to develop mathematical literacy questions to measure students' literacy abilities. The development of questions in this research is aimed at upper-secondary students. Using the partial credit model, the questions that have been prepared can explain the quality of the questions, which can later be used to measure students' mathematical literacy abilities.

METHODS

Mathematical literacy questions on algebra material were tested on 214 research subjects. Research on students was carried out because they had studied algebra material. The selected research subjects had various levels of mathematical literacy abilities. The first step in using the Partial Credit Model (PCM) is a summary. Prepare raw data from algebra test results with different maximum scores. Then, the raw data from Excel will be formatted into prn. Next, the data will be explained using the Ministep application. The final step is to interpret the quality of the algebra mathematical literacy question instrument. The following summary of the research method can be seen in the figure 1.

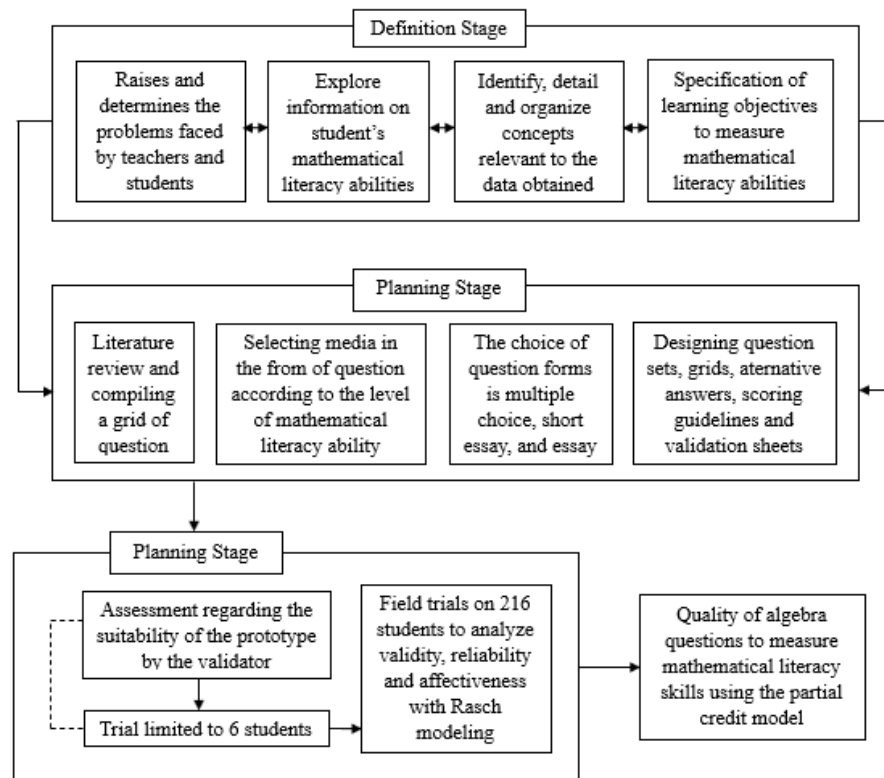


Figure 1. Research Procedure

Measure

Items are checked based on the following conditions.

- 1) OutfitMean Square ($MNSQ$) value received $0,5 < MNSQ < 1,5$;
- 2) valueAccepted Outfit Z-Standardcarrefour $-2,0 < ZSTD < +2,0$;Point Measure correfourn value $0you4 < Pt Measure < 0,85$.
(Bambang Sumintono, 2015)

Statistical Analysis

The test questions in this study were evaluated based on reliability, validity, descriptive statistics, and the Rasch modeling index. The assessment focuses on checking items by considering the ease of identifying sources of anxiety during measurement (Harvani et al., 2023). Literacy test questions were examined based on Cronbach's alpha value, item reliability, and separation index. By looking at Cronbach's alpha value, item reliability, and person reliability, information can be obtained that shows the quality of the instrument's reliability. ZSTD Clothing, MNSQ Score Clothing, and Pt Mean Coor will indicate the validity of the test instrument. The results of measuring mathematical literacy abilities can be seen through the separation value.

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

Activities began with limited trials and field trials. Limited trials were tested on a limited basis on 6 class XI students of SMA Negeri 1 Kencong, and field trials were carried

out on 216 class XI students of SMA Negeri 1 Kencong. The purpose of conducting limited trials is to measure the readability of the questions.

Meanwhile, field trials aim to measure the reliability and validity of the questions and their effectiveness. The ten questions are arranged according to indicators of students' level of mathematical literacy abilities. The problems in this test are presented by students' daily problems around tobacco farming. The developing agricultural theme requires students to know the importance of literacy skills for their future progress. What they need to know about making cigars made from Puger Jember tobacco leaves includes the planting process, land area, fertilizer required, workers, overall costs, and sales in the form of algebraic mathematics, which is very useful for them in the future.

Raw scores will be processed according to scoring guidelines. The student scores obtained will be input and processed with the help of Ministep software to predict students' mathematical literacy abilities in completing the given agricultural theme literacy test. This program will analyze using Rasch modeling. The Summary Statistics table displays all information related to the quality of the instruments used and the subjects' quality.

Validity Analysis

Field trial results were analyzed using Ministep software with Rasch modeling and the Partial Credit Model (PCM) method. Validity analysis is the first carried out; three questions meet the three validity criteria. The rest only meet two and one criterion, but the items can still be said to be fit because they meet one criterion. The following is information about the fit of a question item.

TABLE 13.1 DATA 1-75 ZOU969WS.TXT Dec 21 2023 19:25
INPUT: 75 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 75 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0
Person: REAL SEP.: .00 REL.: .00 ... Item: REAL SEP.: 1.83 REL.: .77

Item STATISTICS: MEASURE ORDER

ENTRY NUMBER	TOTAL SCORE	TOTAL COUNT	JMLE MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFIT MNSQ ZSTD	OUTFIT MNSQ ZSTD	PTMEASUR-AL CORR. EXP.	EXACT MATCH OBS% EXP%	Item
3	1	75	67.51	11.26	1.46 .75	.71 .24	.21 .29	97.1 97.1	S3
6	1	75	67.51	11.26	1.33 .63	.32 -.20	.27 .29	97.1 97.1	S6
7	1	75	67.51	11.26	1.33 .63	.32 -.20	.27 .29	97.1 97.1	S7
9	1	75	67.51	11.26	.40 -.63	.05 -.87	.44 .29	97.1 97.1	S9
10	1	75	67.51	11.26	.40 -.63	.05 -.87	.44 .29	97.1 97.1	S10
1	4	75	48.33	6.04	.96 .05	1.19 .49	.45 .45	91.4 90.5	S1
8	5	75	45.01	5.48	1.06 .28	1.62 1.09	.42 .48	88.6 87.8	S8
2	13	75	28.73	3.95	.99 .02	1.00 .08	.63 .63	74.3 73.3	S2
4	14	75	27.20	3.89	.79 -1.28	.71 -1.09	.72 .64	71.4 71.7	S4
5	23	74	13.17	3.96	1.17 1.20	1.59 1.19	.68 .74	67.6 67.8	S5
MEAN	6.4	74.9	50.00	7.96	.99 .10	.76 -.01		87.9 87.6	
P.SD	7.3	.3	19.72	3.36	.35 .72	.55 .75		11.4 11.4	

Figure 2. Suitability of Question Items

- 1) Questions S1, S2, and S4 meet the criteria for Outfit MNSQ, Outfit ZSTD, and Pt Mean Corr
- 2) Question S3 meets the criteria for Outfit MNSQ and Outfit ZSTD
- 3) Questions S5, S8, S9 and S10 meet the Outfit ZSTD and Pt Mean Corr criteria
- 4) Questions S6 and S7 meet the Outfit ZSTD criteria

So, all the questions are categorized as fit questions, and no questions need to be changed or replaced.

Reliability Analysis

Reliability shows that the value for the first 75 students is 0.61; this shows that the interaction between students and the questions is still poor. The next 75 students showed a value of 0.81, which means that the quality of the interaction between students and the questions was excellent. In comparison, the following 64 students had a value of <0.5, which shows that the quality of the interaction between students and the questions was still poor. The following is a summary of field trial statistics.

TABLE 3.1 DATA 1-75 ZOU969WS.TXT Dec 21 2023 19:25
INPUT: 75 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 75 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0

SUMMARY OF 35 MEASURED (NON-EXTREME) Person								
	TOTAL SCORE	COUNT	MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFIT		OUTFIT	
					MNSQ	ZSTD	MNSQ	ZSTD
MEAN	1.8	10.0	23.15	11.16	.97	-.06	.75	.00
SEM	.2	.0	2.03	.22	.11	.17	.18	.13
P.SD	1.2	.2	11.82	1.30	.64	1.01	1.08	.78
S.SD	1.2	.2	11.99	1.32	.65	1.03	1.09	.79
MAX.	7.0	10.0	65.86	12.30	3.07	2.66	5.01	2.87
MIN.	1.0	9.0	13.92	8.13	.32	-1.52	.15	-.80
REAL RMSE	12.58	TRUE SD	.00	SEPARATION	.00	Person	RELIABILITY	.00
MODEL RMSE	11.23	TRUE SD	3.67	SEPARATION	.33	Person	RELIABILITY	.10
S.E. OF Person MEAN = 2.03								

Person RAW SCORE-TO-MEASURE CORRELATION = .98 (approximate due to missing data)
CRONBACH ALPHA (KR-20) Person RAW SCORE "TEST" RELIABILITY = .61 SEM = .77
STANDARDIZED (50 ITEM) RELIABILITY = .00

SUMMARY OF 10 MEASURED (NON-EXTREME) Item								
	TOTAL SCORE	COUNT	MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFIT		OUTFIT	
					MNSQ	ZSTD	MNSQ	ZSTD
MEAN	6.4	74.9	50.00	7.96	.99	.10	.76	-.01
SEM	2.4	.1	6.57	1.12	.12	.24	.18	.25
P.SD	7.3	.3	19.72	3.36	.35	.72	.55	.75
S.SD	7.7	.3	20.79	3.54	.37	.76	.58	.80
MAX.	23.0	75.0	67.51	11.26	1.46	1.20	1.62	1.19
MIN.	1.0	74.0	13.17	3.89	.40	-1.28	.05	-1.09
REAL RMSE	9.45	TRUE SD	17.32	SEPARATION	1.83	Item	RELIABILITY	.77
MODEL RMSE	8.64	TRUE SD	17.73	SEPARATION	2.05	Item	RELIABILITY	.81
S.E. OF Item MEAN = 6.57								

TABLE 3.1 DATA 76-150 ZOU093WS.TXT Dec 13 2023 19:43
INPUT: 75 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 75 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0

SUMMARY OF 33 MEASURED Person								
	TOTAL SCORE	COUNT	MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFIT		OUTFIT	
					MNSQ	ZSTD	MNSQ	ZSTD
MEAN	1.9	10.0	36.85	17.27	.70	-.30	.52	-.32
SEM	.1	.0	3.78	.35	.28	.20	.30	.23
P.SD	.8	.0	21.36	1.95	1.57	1.15	1.72	1.32
S.SD	.8	.0	21.70	1.98	1.59	1.17	1.74	1.34
MAX.	3.0	10.0	64.52	19.37	7.52	4.86	9.90	6.76
MIN.	1.0	10.0	13.14	14.65	.13	-.94	.07	-.78
REAL RMSE	20.23	TRUE SD	6.86	SEPARATION	.34	Person	RELIABILITY	.10
MODEL RMSE	17.38	TRUE SD	12.43	SEPARATION	.72	Person	RELIABILITY	.34
S.E. OF Person MEAN = 3.78								

Person RAW SCORE-TO-MEASURE CORRELATION = 1.00
 CRONBACH ALPHA (KR-20) Person RAW SCORE "TEST" RELIABILITY = .57 SEM = .72
 STANDARDIZED (50 ITEM) RELIABILITY = .85

SUMMARY OF 5 MEASURED Item

	TOTAL SCORE	COUNT	MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFIT		OUTFIT	
					MNSQ	ZSTD	MNSQ	ZSTD
MEAN	12.6	75.0	50.00	7.63	.93	-.29	2.10	.48
SEM	5.6	.0	17.36	1.17	.12	.48	.69	.64
P.SD	11.3	.0	34.72	2.33	.25	.95	1.38	1.29
S.SD	12.6	.0	38.81	2.61	.28	1.06	1.54	1.44
MAX.	31.0	75.0	87.14	10.26	1.13	.43	3.41	1.58
MIN.	1.0	75.0	-4.39	5.01	.52	-1.97	.31	-1.35
REAL RMSE	8.39	TRUE SD	33.69	SEPARATION	4.02	Item	RELIABILITY	.94
MODEL RMSE	7.98	TRUE SD	33.79	SEPARATION	4.24	Item	RELIABILITY	.95
S.E. OF Item MEAN = 17.36								

TABLE 3.1 DATA 151-214 ZOU656WS.TXT Dec 15 2023 18:30
 INPUT: 64 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 64 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0

SUMMARY OF 36 MEASURED (NON-EXTREME) Person

	TOTAL SCORE	COUNT	MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFIT		OUTFIT	
					MNSQ	ZSTD	MNSQ	ZSTD
MEAN	1.1	10.0	30.43	20.68	1.01	-.19	.62	-.40
SEM	.0	.0	1.30	.36	.38	.18	.22	.14
P.SD	.3	.0	7.69	2.15	2.24	1.05	1.31	.85
S.SD	.3	.0	7.80	2.18	2.28	1.06	1.33	.87
MAX.	2.0	10.0	55.92	21.33	7.24	2.46	4.20	1.77
MIN.	1.0	10.0	28.11	13.54	.11	-.97	.07	-.79
REAL RMSE	27.53	TRUE SD	.00	SEPARATION	.00	Person	RELIABILITY	.00
MODEL RMSE	20.79	TRUE SD	.00	SEPARATION	.00	Person	RELIABILITY	.00
S.E. OF Person MEAN = 1.30								

Person RAW SCORE-TO-MEASURE CORRELATION = 1.00
 CRONBACH ALPHA (KR-20) Person RAW SCORE "TEST" RELIABILITY = .00 SEM = .58
 STANDARDIZED (50 ITEM) RELIABILITY = .00

SUMMARY OF 4 MEASURED (NON-EXTREME) Item

	TOTAL SCORE	COUNT	MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFIT		OUTFIT	
					MNSQ	ZSTD	MNSQ	ZSTD
MEAN	9.8	64.0	50.00	7.89	.97	.24	.62	-.13
SEM	7.5	.0	14.71	1.48	.11	.17	.28	.32
P.SD	12.9	.0	25.48	2.57	.19	.29	.48	.55
S.SD	15.0	.0	29.43	2.97	.21	.34	.56	.64
MAX.	32.0	64.0	70.61	10.46	1.26	.74	1.25	.67
MIN.	1.0	64.0	8.20	5.31	.81	.04	.15	-.64
REAL RMSE	8.41	TRUE SD	24.06	SEPARATION	2.86	Item	RELIABILITY	.89
MODEL RMSE	8.30	TRUE SD	24.09	SEPARATION	2.90	Item	RELIABILITY	.89
S.E. OF Item MEAN = 14.71								

Figure 3. Summary Statistics

The reliability values of the respondents obtained showed that the first 75 students and the remaining 64 students were unreliable (Aprillia et al., 2021). Meanwhile, the item reliability of the numeracy questions developed was 0.80 in the first 75 samples, 0.95 in the following 75 samples, and 0.89 in the last 64 samples, indicating that the questions developed were excellent and could measure students' abilities well.

TABLE 13.1 DATA 1-75 ZOU969WS.TXT Dec 21 2023 19:25
INPUT: 75 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 75 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0
Person: REAL SEP.: .00 REL.: .00 ... Item: REAL SEP.: 1.83 REL.: .77

Item STATISTICS: MEASURE ORDER

ENTRY NUMBER	TOTAL SCORE	TOTAL COUNT	JMLE MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFI T	OUTFI T	PTMEASUR-AL CORR.	EXACT EXP.	MATCH OBS%	Item
3	1	75	67.51	11.26	1.46	.75	.21	.29	97.1	S3
6	1	75	67.51	11.26	1.33	.63	.32	.29	97.1	S6
7	1	75	67.51	11.26	1.33	.63	.32	.29	97.1	S7
9	1	75	67.51	11.26	.40	-.63	.05	.44	97.1	S9
10	1	75	67.51	11.26	.40	-.63	.05	.44	97.1	S10
1	4	75	48.33	6.04	.96	.05	1.19	.45	91.4	S1
8	5	75	45.01	5.48	1.06	.28	1.62	.42	88.6	S8
2	13	75	28.73	3.95	.99	.02	1.00	.63	74.3	S2
4	14	75	27.20	3.89	.79	-1.28	.71	.72	71.4	S4
5	23	74	13.17	3.96	1.17	1.20	1.59	.68	67.6	S5
MEAN	6.4	74.9	50.00	7.96	.99	.10	.76	-.01	87.9	
P.SD	7.3	.3	19.72	3.36	.35	.72	.55	.75	11.4	

TABLE 13.1 DATA 76-150 ZOU093WS.TXT Dec 13 2023 19:43
INPUT: 75 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 75 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0

Person: REAL SEP.: .94 REL.: .47 ... Item: REAL SEP.: 2.27 REL.: .84

Item STATISTICS: MEASURE ORDER

ENTRY NUMBER	TOTAL SCORE	TOTAL COUNT	JMLE MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFI T	OUTFI T	PTMEASUR-AL CORR.	EXACT EXP.	MATCH OBS%	Item
3	0	75	99.79	18.12	MAXIMUM	MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	S3
7	0	75	99.79	18.12	MAXIMUM	MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	S7
8	0	75	99.79	18.12	MAXIMUM	MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	S8
9	0	75	99.79	18.12	MAXIMUM	MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	S9
10	0	75	99.79	18.12	MAXIMUM	MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	S10
1	1	75	87.14	10.26	1.13	.43	3.41	.13	97.0	S1
6	1	75	87.14	10.26	1.13	.43	3.41	.13	97.0	S6
5	12	75	47.50	5.08	.52	-1.97	.31	.79	93.9	S5
4	18	75	32.61	5.01	.77	-.74	.57	.85	87.9	S4
2	31	75	-4.39	7.54	1.12	.39	2.81	.84	93.9	S2
MEAN	6.3	75.0	74.90	12.87	.93	-.29	2.10	.48	93.9	
P.SD	10.2	.0	34.96	5.50	.25	.95	1.38	1.29	3.3	

TABLE 13.1 DATA 151-214 ZOU656WS.TXT Dec 15 2023 18:30
INPUT: 64 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 64 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0

Person: REAL SEP.: .00 REL.: .00 ... Item: REAL SEP.: 1.14 REL.: .57

Item STATISTICS: MEASURE ORDER

ENTRY NUMBER	TOTAL SCORE	TOTAL COUNT	JMLE MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFI T	OUTFI T	PTMEASUR-AL CORR.	EXACT EXP.	MATCH OBS%	Item
1	0	64	83.46	18.32	MAXIMUM	MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	S1
3	0	64	83.46	18.32	MAXIMUM	MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	S3
6	0	64	83.46	18.32	MAXIMUM	MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	S6
8	0	64	83.46	18.32	MAXIMUM	MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	S8
9	0	64	83.46	18.32	MAXIMUM	MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	S9
10	0	64	83.46	18.32	MAXIMUM	MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	S10
4	1	64	70.61	10.46	.81	.04	.15	.30	97.2	S4
7	1	64	70.61	10.46	.81	.04	.15	.30	97.2	S7
5	5	64	50.58	5.31	1.26	.74	1.25	.30	83.3	S5
2	32	64	8.20	5.34	1.00	.14	.92	.84	88.9	S2
MEAN	3.9	64.0	70.08	14.15	.97	.24	.62	-.13	91.7	
P.SD	9.5	.0	22.99	5.36	.19	.29	.48	.55	5.9	

Figure 4. Logit measure

Analysis of the Difficulty Level of Questions

The logit value for each question has been sorted from highest to lowest and is presented in Figure 3. Item S10 has the highest logit value throughout the analysis of 214 samples, namely + 67.51, +99.79, +83.46. This value shows that question S10 is the most challenging question, followed by questions S3, S8, and S9. Figure 4.8 shows the distribution of scores on S10 questions. No students could answer the questions correctly, or 100% of students got a score of 0. Questions S2, S4, and S5 had the lowest relative logit values, with the lowest in question S2, namely -4.39. This value shows that these three questions are the most straightforward questions students can answer. Of the 214 students, 147 of them were able to solve the three questions correctly.

TABLE 13.1 DATA 1-75 ZOU969WS.TXT Dec 21 2023 19:25
INPUT: 75 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 75 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0
Person: REAL SEP.: .00 REL.: .00 ... Item: REAL SEP.: 1.83 REL.: .77

Item STATISTICS: MEASURE ORDER

ENTRY NUMBER	TOTAL SCORE	TOTAL COUNT	JMLE MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFIT MNSQ ZSTD	OUTFIT MNSQ ZSTD	PTMEASUR-AL CORR. EXP.	EXACT MATCH OBS% EXP%	Item
3	1	75	67.51	11.26	1.46 .75	.71 .24	.21 .29	97.1 97.1	S3
6	1	75	67.51	11.26	1.33 .63	.32 -.20	.27 .29	97.1 97.1	S6
7	1	75	67.51	11.26	1.33 .63	.32 -.20	.27 .29	97.1 97.1	S7
9	1	75	67.51	11.26	.40 -.63	.05 -.87	.44 .29	97.1 97.1	S9
10	1	75	67.51	11.26	.40 -.63	.05 -.87	.44 .29	97.1 97.1	S10
1	4	75	48.33	6.04	.96 .05	1.19 .49	.45 .45	91.4 90.5	S1
8	5	75	45.01	5.48	1.06 .28	1.62 1.09	.42 .48	88.6 87.8	S8
2	13	75	28.73	3.95	.99 .02	1.00 .08	.63 .63	74.3 73.3	S2
4	14	75	27.20	3.89	.79 -1.28	.71 -1.09	.72 .64	71.4 71.7	S4
5	23	74	13.17	3.96	1.17 1.20	1.59 1.19	.68 .74	67.6 67.8	S5
MEAN	6.4	74.9	50.00	7.96	.99 .10	.76 -.01		87.9 87.6	
P.SD	7.3	.3	19.72	3.36	.35 .72	.55 .75		11.4 11.4	

TABLE 13.1 DATA 76-150 ZOU093WS.TXT Dec 13 2023 19:43
INPUT: 75 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 75 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0
Person: REAL SEP.: .94 REL.: .47 ... Item: REAL SEP.: 2.27 REL.: .84

Item STATISTICS: MEASURE ORDER

ENTRY NUMBER	TOTAL SCORE	TOTAL COUNT	JMLE MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFIT MNSQ ZSTD	OUTFIT MNSQ ZSTD	PTMEASUR-AL CORR. EXP.	EXACT MATCH OBS% EXP%	Item
3	0	75	99.79	18.12	MAXIMUM MEASURE		.00 .00	100.0 100.0	S3
7	0	75	99.79	18.12	MAXIMUM MEASURE		.00 .00	100.0 100.0	S7
8	0	75	99.79	18.12	MAXIMUM MEASURE		.00 .00	100.0 100.0	S8
9	0	75	99.79	18.12	MAXIMUM MEASURE		.00 .00	100.0 100.0	S9
10	0	75	99.79	18.12	MAXIMUM MEASURE		.00 .00	100.0 100.0	S10
1	1	75	87.14	10.26	1.13 .43	3.41 1.58	.13 .22	97.0 96.8	S1
6	1	75	87.14	10.26	1.13 .43	3.41 1.58	.13 .22	97.0 96.8	S6
5	12	75	47.50	5.08	.52 -1.97	.31 -1.35	.79 .73	93.9 84.4	S5
4	18	75	32.61	5.01	.77 -.74	.57 -.81	.85 .82	87.9 84.1	S4
2	31	75	-4.39	7.54	1.12 .39	2.81 1.38	.84 .86	93.9 93.8	S2
MEAN	6.3	75.0	74.90	12.87	.93 -.29	2.10 .48		93.9 91.2	
P.SD	10.2	.0	34.96	5.50	.25 .95	1.38 1.29		3.3 5.8	

TABLE 13.1 DATA 151-214 ZOU656WS.TXT Dec 15 2023 18:30
INPUT: 64 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 64 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0
Person: REAL SEP.: .00 REL.: .00 ... Item: REAL SEP.: 1.14 REL.: .57

Item STATISTICS: MEASURE ORDER

ENTRY NUMBER	TOTAL SCORE	TOTAL COUNT	JMLE MEASURE	MODEL S.E.	INFIT MNSQ ZSTD	OUTFIT MNSQ ZSTD	PTMEASUR-AL CORR. EXP.	EXACT MATCH OBS% EXP%	Item
1	0	64	83.46	18.32	MAXIMUM MEASURE		.00 .00	100.0 100.0	S1
3	0	64	83.46	18.32	MAXIMUM MEASURE		.00 .00	100.0 100.0	S3
6	0	64	83.46	18.32	MAXIMUM MEASURE		.00 .00	100.0 100.0	S6
8	0	64	83.46	18.32	MAXIMUM MEASURE		.00 .00	100.0 100.0	S8
9	0	64	83.46	18.32	MAXIMUM MEASURE		.00 .00	100.0 100.0	S9
10	0	64	83.46	18.32	MAXIMUM MEASURE		.00 .00	100.0 100.0	S10
4	1	64	70.61	10.46	.81 .04	.15 -.64	.30 .21	97.2 97.2	S4
7	1	64	70.61	10.46	.81 .04	.15 -.64	.30 .21	97.2 97.2	S7
5	5	64	50.58	5.31	1.26 .74	1.25 .67	.30 .39	83.3 88.2	S5
2	32	64	8.20	5.34	1.00 .14	.92 .09	.84 .84	88.9 88.9	S2
MEAN	3.9	64.0	70.08	14.15	.97 .24	.62 -.13		91.7 92.8	
P.SD	9.5	.0	22.99	5.36	.19 .29	.48 .55		5.9 4.3	

Figure 5. Logit measures

The third analysis is related to the level of difficulty of the questions. The results show that three questions are included in the easy category, three questions are included in the medium category, and four questions are included in the difficult category.

Table 1. Distribution of Question Difficulty Levels

Question Difficulty level	Question items
Easy	S2, S4, and S5
Currently	S1, S6, and S7
Difficult	S3, S8, S9, and S10

Questions in the problematic category measure high-level mathematical literacy skills, namely levels 4, 5, and 6. Overall, students can answer questions well on low-level questions, which shows that most students have medium to lower mathematical literacy abilities.

Subject Ability Analysis

Figure 5 displays information related to the logit for each student. The measured column is the logit measure for each respondent. Students with code P009 have a logit value of +65.86, which means that these students often answer questions correctly compared to other students. Meanwhile, students with code P150 have the lowest logit value, namely -12.90, which means that these students answer questions incorrectly more often. The overall student logit value is more than 0.00, meaning that students tend to answer more questions correctly on the test.

TABLE 17.1 DATA 1-75										ZOU969MS.TXT Dec 21 2023 19:25										
INPUT: 75 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 75 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5,6,3,0																				
Person: REAL SEP.: .00 REL.: .00 ... Item: REAL SEP.: 1.83 REL.: .77																				
Person STATISTICS: MEASURE ORDER																				
ENTRY	TOTAL	TOTAL	JMLE	MODEL	INFIT	OUTFIT	PTMEASUR-AL	EXACT MATCH		5	0	10	-1.64	19.40	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P005
NUMBER	SCORE	COUNT	MEASURE	S.E.	[MNSQ	ZSTD]	[MNSQ	ZSTD]	CORR.	EXP.	OBSS%	EXP%								Person]
9	7	10	65.86	8.13	.83	-.57	.53	.06	.58	.50	80.0	74.0								P009
68	4	10	44.65	9.07	3.07	2.66	5.01	2.87	-.07	.70	50.0	82.8								P068
2	3	10	36.00	9.59	1.14	.43	.66	.01	.68	.69	80.0	85.7								P002
4	3	10	36.00	9.59	1.20	.52	.70	.06	.66	.69	80.0	85.7								P004
10	3	10	36.00	9.59	.32	-1.52	.19	-.80	.90	.69	100.0	85.7								P010
31	3	10	36.00	9.59	.32	-1.52	.19	-.80	.90	.69	100.0	85.7								P031
39	3	10	36.00	9.59	1.54	1.01	2.72	1.45	.45	.60	80.0	85.7								P039
72	3	10	36.00	9.59	.32	-1.52	.19	-.80	.90	.69	100.0	85.7								P072
7	2	10	26.24	10.28	.65	-.57	.28	-.26	.74	.61	90.0	85.6								P007
12	2	10	26.24	10.28	.57	-.78	.25	-.31	.76	.61	90.0	85.6								P012
14	2	10	26.24	10.28	.57	-.78	.25	-.31	.76	.61	90.0	85.6								P014
17	2	10	26.24	10.28	1.31	.71	.64	.18	.56	.61	70.0	85.6								P017
22	2	10	26.24	10.28	.65	-.57	.28	-.26	.74	.61	90.0	85.6								P022
36	2	10	26.24	10.28	.57	-.78	.25	-.31	.76	.61	90.0	85.6								P036
41	2	10	26.24	10.28	1.31	.71	.64	.18	.56	.61	70.0	85.6								P041
52	2	10	26.24	10.28	1.96	1.59	1.23	.62	.35	.61	70.0	85.6								P052
47	1	9	23.29	12.01	.73	-.26	.26	-.30	.58	.45	80.0	88.8								P047
1	1	10	13.92	12.30	1.95	1.33	3.28	1.50	.03	.47	80.0	90.3								P001
13	1	10	13.92	12.30	.47	-.75	.15	-.52	.62	.47	100.0	90.3								P013
19	1	10	13.92	12.30	.47	-.75	.15	-.52	.62	.47	100.0	90.3								P019
25	1	10	13.92	12.30	.47	-.75	.15	-.52	.62	.47	100.0	90.3								P025
30	1	10	13.92	12.30	.47	-.75	.15	-.52	.62	.47	100.0	90.3								P030
32	1	10	13.92	12.30	.47	-.75	.15	-.52	.62	.47	100.0	90.3								P032
35	1	10	13.92	12.30	.47	-.75	.15	-.52	.62	.47	100.0	90.3								P035
46	1	10	13.92	12.30	.47	-.75	.15	-.52	.62	.47	100.0	90.3								P046
48	1	10	13.92	12.30	.47	-.75	.15	-.52	.62	.47	100.0	90.3								P048
51	1	10	13.92	12.30	.47	-.75	.15	-.52	.62	.47	100.0	90.3								P051
54	1	10	13.92	12.30	.47	-.75	.15	-.52	.62	.47	100.0	90.3								P054
58	1	10	13.92	12.30	.47	-.75	.15	-.52	.62	.47	100.0	90.3								P058
60	1	10	13.92	12.30	1.48	.85	.58	.12	.36	.47	80.0	90.3								P060
63	1	10	13.92	12.30	1.41	.76	.52	.05	.39	.47	80.0	90.3								P063
69	1	10	13.92	12.30	1.48	.85	.58	.12	.36	.47	80.0	90.3								P069
70	1	10	13.92	12.30	1.91	1.30	2.40	1.19	.08	.47	80.0	90.3								P070
MEAN										.9	10.0	9.93	15.55	.97	-.06	.75	.00	88.0	87.7	
P. SD										1.2	.1	14.77	4.21	.64	1.01	1.68	.78	12.1	3.3	

TABLE 17.1 DATA 1-75
INPUT: 75 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 75 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0

Person: REAL SEP.: .00 REL.: .00 ... Item: REAL SEP.: 1.72 REL.: .75

Person STATISTICS: MEASURE ORDER																										
ENTRY	TOTAL	TOTAL	JMLE	MODEL	INFIT	OUTFIT	PTMEASUR-AL	EXACT MATCH																		
NUMBER	SCORE	COUNT	MEASURE	S.E.	[MWSQ	ZSTD]	[MWSQ	ZSTD]	CORR.	EXP.	OBSS	EXP%	Person													
68	4	10	48.10	8.78	2.76	2.56	2.95	-.04	.67	44.4	80.3	P068	11	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P011			
2	3	10	39.91	9.40	1.15	-.44	.81	.05	.65	67	77.8	83.6	P002	15	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P015		
4	3	10	39.91	9.40	1.15	-.44	.81	.05	.65	67	77.8	83.6	P004	16	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P016		
9	3	10	39.91	9.40	1.38	-.80	1.90	1.12	.50	.67	77.8	83.6	P009	18	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P018		
10	3	10	39.91	9.40	1.38	-.80	1.90	1.12	.50	.67	77.8	83.6	P010	21	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P021		
31	3	10	39.91	9.40	1.38	-.80	1.90	1.12	.50	.67	77.8	83.6	P031	26	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P026		
39	3	10	39.91	9.40	1.38	-.80	1.90	1.12	.50	.67	77.8	83.6	P039	27	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P027		
72	3	10	39.91	9.40	1.38	-.80	1.90	1.12	.50	.67	77.8	83.6	P072	28	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P028		
12	2	10	30.42	10.22	-.60	-.60	.30	-.29	.75	.61	88.9	84.1	P012	29	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P029		
14	2	10	30.42	10.22	-.60	-.60	.30	-.29	.75	.61	88.9	84.1	P014	30	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P030		
17	2	10	30.42	10.22	-.60	-.60	.30	-.29	.75	.61	88.9	84.1	P017	37	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P037		
22	2	10	30.42	10.22	-.60	-.60	.30	-.29	.75	.61	88.9	84.1	P022	38	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P038		
36	2	10	30.42	10.22	-.60	-.60	.30	-.29	.75	.61	88.9	84.1	P036	40	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P040		
41	2	10	30.42	10.22	-.60	-.60	.30	-.29	.75	.61	88.9	84.1	P041	42	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P042		
52	2	10	30.42	10.22	-.60	-.60	.30	-.29	.75	.61	88.9	84.1	P052	43	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P043		
47	1	9	27.50	11.95	-.78	-.16	-.31	-.21	.57	.43	87.5	87.5	P047	44	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P044		
13	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.96	1.33	4.07	1.74	-.02	.47	77.8	89.3	L001	45	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P045		
19	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P013	46	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P046		
25	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P025	49	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P049		
30	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P030	50	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P050		
32	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P032	53	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P053		
35	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P035	55	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P055		
46	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P046	56	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P056		
48	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P048	64	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P064		
51	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P051	59	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P059		
54	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P054	61	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P061		
58	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P058	62	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P062		
60	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P060	64	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P065		
63	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P063	65	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P066		
69	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	P069	66	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P067		
70	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.93	1.30	2.92	1.38	.05	.47	77.8	89.3	P070	70	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P070		
71	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.93	1.30	2.92	1.38	.05	.47	77.8	89.3	P071	74	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P074		
75	1	10	18.19	12.31	1.46	-.76	-.17	-.48	.64	.47	100.0	89.3	L075	77	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P075		
3	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P003																
5	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P005																
6	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P006																
8	0	10	2.66	19.38	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P008																
														MEAN												
														P.S.D												
														.8 10.0 13.76 15.53 .97 -.04 .84 .84										86.6		
														1.0 -1 13.50 -4.20 -.62 1.01 1.11 .86										13.5 1.0		

TABLE 17.1 DATA 76-150
INPUT: 75 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 75 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0

Person: REAL SEP.: .94 REL.: .47 ... Item: REAL SEP.: 2.27 REL.: .84

Person STATISTICS: MEASURE ORDER																																					
ENTRY	TOTAL	TOTAL	JMLE	MODEL	INFIT	OUTFIT	PTMEASUR-AL	EXACT MATCH																													
NUMBER	SCORE	COUNT	MEASURE	S.E.	[MWSQ	ZSTD]	[MWSQ	ZSTD]	CORR.	EXP.	OBSS	EXP%	Person																								
1	3	10	64.52	17.14	-.13	-.67	.09	-.71	.93	.08	100.0	92.3	L076	26	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L101													
6	3	10	64.52	17.14	-.13	-.67	.09	-.71	.93	.08	100.0	92.3	P081	30	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P105													
12	3	10	64.52	17.14	-.13	-.67	.09	-.71	.93	.08	100.0	92.3	P087	33	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L100													
13	3	10	64.52	17.14	-.13	-.67	.09	-.71	.93	.08	100.0	92.3	P088	34	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L109													
18	3	10	64.52	17.14	-.13	-.67	.09	-.71	.93	.08	100.0	92.3	P093	38	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L104													
22	3	10	64.52	17.14	-.13	-.67	.09	-.71	.93	.08	100.0	92.3	P097	39	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	P114													
27	3	10	64.52	17.14	-.13	-.67	.09	-.71	.93	.08	100.0	92.3	P102	40	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L115													
32	3	10	64.52	17.14	-.13	-.67	.09	-.71	.93	.08	100.0	92.3	P107	41	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L116													
38	3	10	64.52	17.14	-.13	-.67	.09	-.71	.93	.08	100.0	92.3	P103	42	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L117													
43	3	10	64.52	17.14	-.13	-.67	.09	-.71	.93	.08	100.0	92.3	P103	43	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L118													
48	3	10	64.52	17.14	-.13	-.67	.09	-.71	.93	.08	100.0	92.3	P143	44	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L113													
52	3	10	48.01	14.65	-.94	-.28	-.42	-.87	.83	.00	86.6	86.5	P094	45	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L120													
5	2	10	48.01	14.65	-.97	1.44	.85	.36	.76	.83	60.0	86.5	P086	46	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L121													
9	2	10	48.01	14.65	-.97	2.86	1.99	6.76	-.18	.83	60.0	86.5	P084	47	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L122													
15	2	10	48.01	14.65	-.94	-.28	-.42	-.87	.83	.00	86.6	86.5	P090	48	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L123													
19	2	10	48.01	14.65	-.94	-.28	-.42	-.87	.83	.00	86.6	86.5	L104	49	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L124													
29	2	10	48.01	14.65	-.94	-.28	-.42	-.87	.83	.00	86.6	86.5	P126	50	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L125													
51	2	10	48.01	14.65	-.94	-.28	-.42	-.87	.83	.00	86.6	86.5	P126	52	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L127													
60	2	10	48.01	14.65	-.94	-.28	-.42	-.87	.83	.00	86.6	86.5	P105	53	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L128													
62	2	10	48.01	14.65	-.94	-.28	-.42	-.87	.83	.00	86.6	86.5	P126	54	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L129													
66	2	10	48.01	14.65	-.97	1.44	.85	.36	.76	.83	60.0	86.5	P141	55	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L130													
14	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	L077	56	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L131													
10	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	P089	57	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L132													
7	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	P085	58	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L133													
13	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	P086	59	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L134													
16	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	P091	60	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L135													
21	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	P095	61	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L136													
25	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	P100	62	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L137													
28	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	P103	63	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L138													
36	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	P103	64	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L139													
69	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	P144	65	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L140													
74	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	P144	66	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L141													
71	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	P144	67	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L142													
74	1	10	13.14	19.37	-.14	-.54	.07	-.78	.76	.70	100.0	93.9	P144	68	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L145													
80	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	86.8	.00	.00	100.0	P092	73	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L146												
82	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	86.8	.00	.00	100.0	P092	74	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L147												
17	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	86.8	.00	.00	100.0	P092	75	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	L148												
20	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	86.8	.00	.00	100.0	P096											MEAN	.8	10.0	8.99	19.47	1.70	-.38	.52	-.32	93.9	91.4		
23	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	86.8	.00	.00	100.0	P096											P.50	1.0	0	28.47	4.77	1.57	1.15	1.72	1.32	17.4	3.1		
25	0	10	-12.90	21.20	MINIMUM MEASURE	.00	.00	100.0	100.0	86.8	.00	.00	100.0	P096																							

In Figure 5, the separation value = 2.05 is obtained, so the value $H=H= [(4 \times 2.05) + 1]:3=3.06$, which if rounded to 3. In Figure 4.2, the separation value = 4.24 is obtained. value $H=H= [(4 \times 4.24) + 1]:3=5.98$ if rounded to 6. This means that there are six groups of questions. In Figure 5, the separation value = 2.90 is obtained, so the value $H=H= [(4 \times 2.90) + 1]:3=4.2$. So, based on the upper and lower limits of the logit value, students can be divided into six groups with the same logit interval.

Table 2. of Frequency and Percentage of Student Ability Groups

Ability Group	Logit Interval	Frequency	Percentage
Level 1	$-1,64 \leq P < 13,92$	110	51,4%
Level 2	$13,92 \leq P < 23,29$	65	30,3%
Level 3	$23,29 \leq P < 26,24$	21	9,8%
Level 4	$26,24 \leq P < 36,00$	16	7,4%
Level 5	$36,00 \leq P < 44,65$	1	0,5%
Level 6	$44,65 \leq P < 65,86$	1	0,5%

TABLE 22.1 DATA 1-75
INPUT: 75 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 75 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0

GUTTMAN SCALOGRAM OF RESPONSES:

Person | Item
|-----|
5428136790
9 +1111100011 P009
68 +0101001100 P068
2 +1100100000 P002
4 +1010100000 P004
10 +1110000000 P010
31 +1110000000 P031
39 +1010010000 P039
72 +1110000000 P072
7 +1010000000 P007
12 +1100000000 P012
14 +1100000000 P014
17 +0110000000 L017
22 +1010000000 P022
36 +1100000000 P036
41 +0110000000 P041
52 +0101000000 P052
47 + 1000000000 P047
1 +0000100000 L001
13 +1000000000 P013
19 +1000000000 P019
25 +1000000000 P025
30 +1000000000 P030
32 +1000000000 P032
35 +1000000000 P035
46 +1000000000 P046
48 +1000000000 P048
51 +1000000000 P051
54 +1000000000 P054
58 +1000000000 P058
60 +0010000000 P060
63 +0100000000 P063
69 +0010000000 P069
70 +0010000000 P070
71 +0001000000 P071
75 +0010000000 L075
3 +0000000000 P003
5 +0000000000 P005
6 +0000000000 L006
9 +0000000000 L009
11 +0000000000 P011
15 +0000000000 P015

16 +0000000000 P016
18 +0000000000 P018
20 +0000000000 P020
21 +0000000000 L021
23 +0000000000 P023
24 +0000000000 P024
26 +0000000000 P026
27 +0000000000 P027
28 +0000000000 P028
29 +0000000000 L029
33 +0000000000 L033
34 +0000000000 P034
37 +0000000000 P037
38 +0000000000 P038
40 +0000000000 L040
42 +0000000000 L042
43 +0000000000 P043
44 +0000000000 L044
45 +0000000000 P045
49 +0000000000 P049
50 +0000000000 P050
53 +0000000000 P053
55 +0000000000 P055
56 +0000000000 L056
57 +0000000000 L057
59 +0000000000 P059
61 +0000000000 P061
62 +0000000000 P062
64 +0000000000 P064
65 +0000000000 P065
66 +0000000000 L066
67 +0000000000 P067
73 +0000000000 P073
74 +0000000000 L074

TABLE 22.2 DATA 1-75
INPUT: 75 Person 10 Item REPORTED: 75 Person 10 Item 2 CATS MINISTEP 5.6.3.0

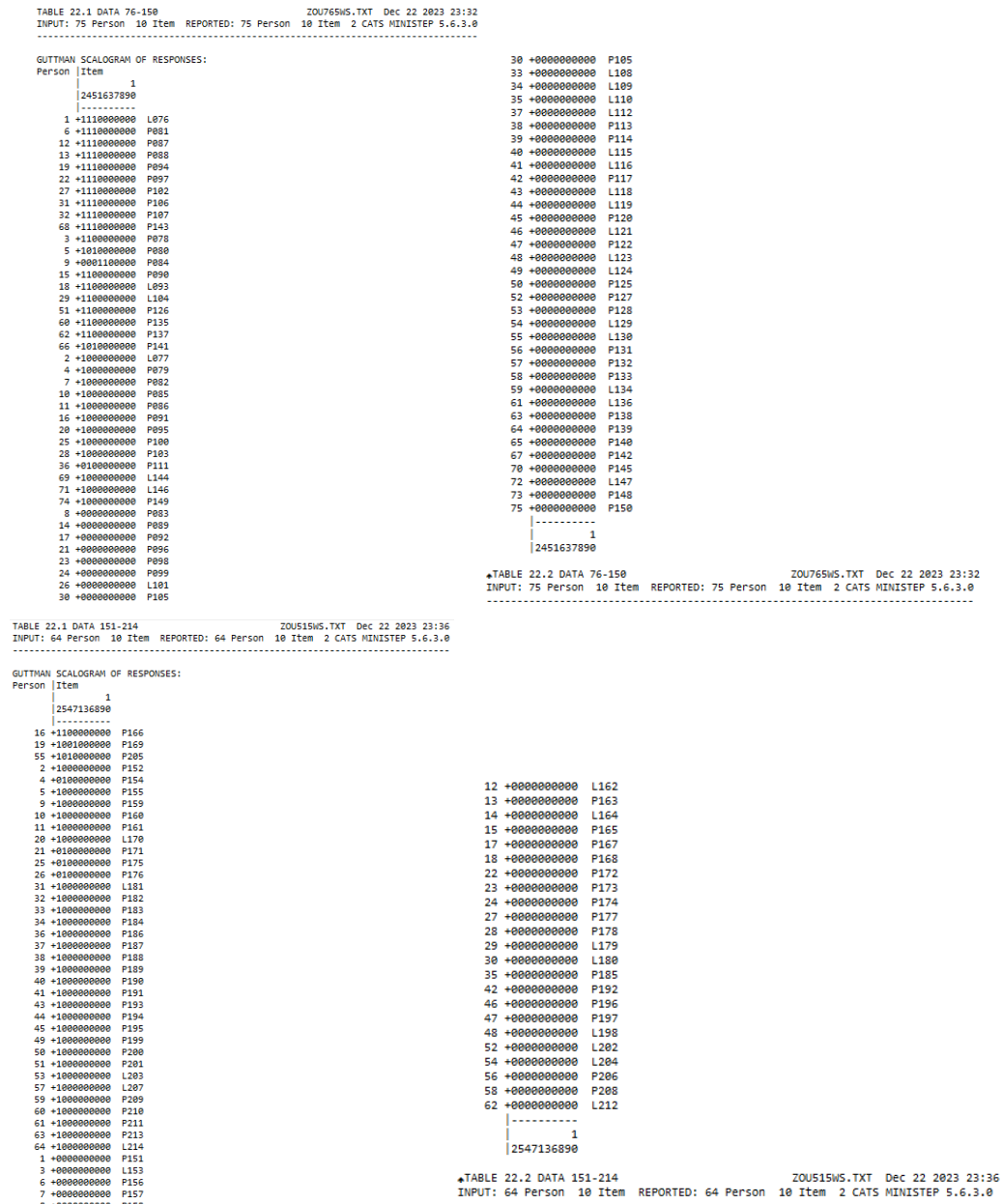


Figure 7. Scalogram

Scalograms sort students' abilities from the highest level to level 6. From left to right, they show the student's score from the lowest level questions to the highest level. The answer pattern shows that student P009 has the highest literacy skills and the highest score.

CONCLUSIONS

The ten questions developed can be used as an instrument to measure students' mathematical literacy abilities because (1) they are valid as seen from the fulfillment of the MNSQ, ZSTD, and Pt Mean Corr categories, (2) they show item reliability of 0.82 which means they are included in the excellent category and can measure ability students'

mathematical literacy; (3) effective because based on analysis of student abilities 51.4 percent of students are at level 1; 30.3% of students are at level 2; 9.8% of students are at level 3; 7.4% of students are at level 4; and 0.5% of students are at levels 5 and 6 respectively which are the highest.

REFERENCES

- Ate, D., & Ledes, Y. K. (2022). Analisis kemampuan siswa kelas VIII dalam menyelesaikan soal literasi numerasi. *Jurnal Cendekia : Jurnal Pendidikan Matematika*, 6(1), 472–483. <https://doi.org/10.31004/cendekia.v6i1.1041>
- Bakker, A. (2018). *Design research in education: a practical guide for early career researchers* (1st ed.). <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.4324/9780203701010>
- Balitbang, K. (2018). *Pendidikan di Indonesia belajar dari hasil PISA 2018*. 021.
- Bambang Sumintono, W. W. (2015). *Aplikasi pemodelan rasch pada assessment pendidikan*.
- Cintamulya, I. (2012). Peranan pendidikan dalam mempersiapkan. *Formatif: Jurnal Ilmiah Pendidikan MIPA*, 2(2), 90–101. <http://journal.lppmunindra.ac.id/index.php/Formatif/article/view/89/87%0A>
- Dinni, H. N. (2018). HOTS (high order thinking skills) dan kaitannya dengan kemampuan literasi matematika. *PRISMA, Prosiding Seminar Nasional Matematika*, 1, 170-176. Retrieved from <https://journal.unnes.ac.id/sju/prisma/article/view/19597>
- Fajriyah, E. (2018). Peran etnomatematika terkait konsep matematika dalam mendukung literasi. *PRISMA, Prosiding Seminar Nasional Matematika*, 1, 114-119. Retrieved from <https://journal.unnes.ac.id/sju/prisma/article/view/19589>
- Geiger, V., & Dole, S. (2012). *Cirruceht a cross*. 68(2004), 3–7.
- Genc, M., & Erbas, A. K. (2019). Secondary mathematics teachers' conceptions of mathematical literacy. *International Journal of Education in Mathematics, Science and Technology*, 7(3), 222-237.
- Harvani, I. D., Kurniati, D., Kim, D. J., & Osman, S. (2023). Quality of algebraic numeration problems to measure higher order thinking skills using partial credit model. *New Educational Review*, 72, 218–229. <https://doi.org/10.15804/tner.23.72.2.16>
- Hidayani, N. (2021). *Bentuk aljabar* (1st ed.). PT Balai Pustaka (Persero). <https://doi.org/Online>
- Kurniati, D., Harimukti, R., & Jamil, N. A. (2016). Kemampuan berpikir tingkat tinggi siswa SMP di Kabupaten Jember dalam menyelesaikan soal berstandar PISA. *Jurnal Penelitian Dan Evaluasi Pendidikan*, 20(2), 142–155. <https://doi.org/10.21831/pep.v20i2.8058>
- Kusumawardani, D. R., Wardono, W., & Kartono, K. (2018, February). Pentingnya penalaran matematika dalam meningkatkan kemampuan literasi matematika. In *Prisma, prosiding seminar nasional matematika* (Vol. 1, pp. 588-595).
- Maharani. (2022). Literasi matematis siswa SMA dalam menyelesaikan soal PISA konten change and relationship ditinjau dari adversity quotient. *JP3M: Jurnal Penelitian Pendidikan Dan Pengajaran*, 1(1), 837–848.
- Mardiyah, N., Nabilah, N. A., Billah, K. I. A. A., Jannah, W., & Septiadi, D. D. (2021). Pengembangan soal matematika model PISA pada materi transformasi geometri kelas XI SMA. *Aritmatika: Jurnal Riset Pendidikan Matematika*, 2(1), 13–31. <https://doi.org/10.35719/aritmatika.v2i1.10>

- Moschkovich, J. N. (2015). Academic literacy in mathematics for English learners. *The Journal of Mathematical Behavior*, 40, 43-62.
- Muslimah, H., & Pujiastuti, H. (2020). Analisis kemampuan literasi matematis siswa dalam memecahkan masalah matematika berbentuk soal cerita. *Jurnal Pendidikan Matematika Dan Sains*, 8(1), 36-43.
- OECD. (2021). *OECD Employment Outlook 2021: Navigating the COVID-19 crisis and recovery*. OECD, June 2020, 2020–2021.
- Setiawan, H., Dafik, & Lestari, N. D. S. (2014). Soal matematika dalam PISA kaitannya dengan literasi matematika dan keterampilan berfikir tingkat tinggi. *Prosiding Seminar Nasional Matematika*, November, 244–251.
- Sitopu, J. W., Khairani, M., Roza, M., Judijanto, L., & Aslan, A. (2024). The Importance Of Integrating Mathematical Literacy In The Primary Education Curriculum: A Literature Review. *International Journal of Teaching and Learning*, 2(1), 121-134.
- Stacey, K. (2011). *The PISA view of mathematical literacy in Indonesia*. 2(2), 95–126.